BELOW YOU WILL HOPEFULLY FIND SOME USEFUL INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR UPCOMING MEDICAL TRIP.

PURPOSE
You should be going on this trip not merely to fix medical problems, but to make friends and build relationships. Establishing relationships with the people you are serving is just as important as the medical services you are providing. Remember to treat all people with dignity and respect.

TO DO RIGHT NOW!
Get your immunizations!
Get your passport!
Find out what your medical coverage you have when you are out of the country!

PASSPORT
Check your passport for the expiration date. Make sure it's valid for 6 months AFTER you return from the trip.
Get or renew your passport as soon as possible! See the useful links section on our website.
Make at least two copies of your passport - one to take along on the trip and one to stay at home. Keep the extra trip passport copy in a separate place from your official passport.
Make sure the name on your passport matches exactly the name on your airline ticket. If it doesn’t, you may face delays or worse, you may not be let onto the aircraft!

AIRLINE TICKETS
Make sure the name on your airline ticket matches exactly the name on your passport!

U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT PHONE NUMBERS
Here are two important emergency contacts while outside the U.S.:
U.S. State Department: 1-888-407-4747
(From overseas: 1-202-501-4444)

U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT SMART TRAVELERS ENROLLMENT PROGRAM (STEP)
All U.S. citizens are advised to enroll in the State Department STEP Program. It is a free service that allows travelers to log their trip with consular services. You will then receive up-to-date information from the local embassy
about safety conditions at your destination. It also helps the U.S. Embassy, as well as loved ones, to contact you in case of an emergency, wherever in the world you are.

Simply search ‘Smart Travel Enrollment Program’. The following address may also work:  
http://STEP.State.Gov/STEP

**MONEY/FINANCES**

**Ecuador's** currency is the US dollar. Even if the bills are accepted in the States, Ecuadorians will NOT accept torn or worn bills. Your money doesn't have to be new, but make sure it's "fresh."

**In Peru, DO NOT BRING BROKEN, TORN, OR EXTREMELY OLD BILLS OF ANY DENOMIATION.** They will not be accepted.

**Exchange Rates:** ATMs usually offer the best exchange rates, however they usually charge a transaction fee. It's not recommended to make several small withdraws at ATMs unless you're worried about holding cash. Airport moneychangers usually charge more in exchanging money than non-airport moneychangers. You could go to a bank in the states before your trip and exchange money, but it could take weeks and it will cost you more.

**Credit Cards:** Call your credit card company to let them know when you'll be out of the country so they won't think your card is stolen and deny your purchases. Have the expiration date and 3 digit number on the back of the card available when you make the call.

Have emergency phone numbers for all your credit cards stored in a separate location from your credit card in case you need to report a lost card. Otherwise, when you're card is gone, so is the emergency contact number.

Couples traveling together should have separate credit card accounts. That way, if one card is lost, the couple will still have a valid card.

**Debit Cards:** Most debit cards have no fraud protection or charge dispute options as credit cards do. So, use them cautiously. They are best used for ATM access only while traveling.

**Traveler Checks:** Do not bother with Travelers Checks. Many places will not take them.

**Security of Financial Information:** It is NOT recommended that you check your financial information on free wireless networks or at an internet café.

**MEDICAL INSURANCE**

Bring your medical insurance membership card.

**IF TRAVELING TO ECUADOR**

You will likely be asked by Ecuadorian Customs to show that you have proof of medical insurance. Your medical insurance card should serve as sufficient proof to satisfy Ecuadorian Customs.

**IF TRAVELING TO PERU**
You should have your medical insurance card to prove that you have medical insurance in case you are asked for it.

**EXPENSES**

Even though there are IRS per diem rates, team members are expected to turn in receipts for all meals, lodging, and other deductible expenses. In the event a business does not provide a receipt, team members are expected to note:
- The date of the expense
- The name of the business
- The items purchased
- The cost of the purchased items, including tip, if any

**MAXIMUM DAILY DEDUCTIBLE EXPENSES**

DO NOT USE THESE VALUES FOR YOUR MEALS AND LODGING. They are merely shared so that the team members know there are upper limits on the amounts that can be deducted for meals and lodging!

The IRS does have a maximum dollar amount you can deduct for international daily expenses. The amount is based on what the Bureau of Administration of the US Department of State sets for international daily expenses. You can find these amounts at:

http://aoprals.state.gov/web920/per_diem_action.asp

Select Travel (at the top of the menu) and Select foreign per diem rates.

Then select Foreign Per Diem Rates by Location (Near the top of the document)

Select the country you are interested in.

**CLOTHING**

Bring at least three pairs of scrubs and pack them in your carry-on bag.

Bring one reasonably nice set of clothes for a celebratory event, often dinner, at the end of the trip. Check with your team leader about this possibility.

Check the climate and weather of your campaign site and pack accordingly.

Remember cotton doesn't dry quickly in humid climates.

**AIRLINES, LUGGAGE, AND AIRPORT TAXES**

Check with your specific airline carrier for their regulations and policies because they may have different policies from what is written here.

For international flights, each person is usually limited to one check-in bag of 50 pounds. (If you're flying on a South American airline, it may be less due to the limited size of the plane.) Your 50 pound bags are reserved mostly for medical supplies and will be packed on packing day. You will probably need to pack your toiletries in your check-in bags.

**Be sure to check your luggage all the way to your final destination.** If you don't, the airlines may charge you additional fees or claim that your luggage is too big and charge you an additional fee.
Each person is also limited to one carry-on bag, and a "purse" or personal item. These must fit in the overhead bins and/or under the seats.
Pack your personal clothing and items in your carry-on bag.
Check the most current United States transportation rules. Google the Transportation Security Administration for a list of restricted materials.
There may be an exit tax for the country you are in. (Peru has included the tax in the airline fee.) Before you leave the country, be sure to save at least $35 to pay the country's exit taxes. You will need to pay this tax at a separate location from the counter where you checked your luggage. You will receive a receipt indicating that you paid your tax. Save the receipt to turn in as an expense.

CUSTOMS
When going through customs in a foreign country, you will need to pick up your checked luggage at the first stop in that country and go through customs. You will need to pick up your luggage even if you checked it through to another destination.

HOTELS
If you stay in a hotel which caters to westerners, you should have few problems. At other hotels there will probably not be heat in your rooms. If you're in the mountains, it'll likely get very cold, even in summer (our winter). Several blankets are usually provided, but some people need to bring long underwear (light ski underwear works great), sleeping bags, hats, gloves, chemical hand warmers, etc. to keep them warm at night.
Don't count on hot water all day. Usually you can get a warm shower if you time your shower right.
Check to see how your hotel bill can be paid. SOME hotels will only take their country's currency; no credit cards. Check with your team leader regarding payment options.

BATHROOM CONCERNS
In South America toilet paper is NOT provided in most restrooms. Carry an abundant supply. Kleenex packets work well. Toilet paper is usually provided at the hosting hospital and your hotel.
DO NOT put toilet paper down the toilet. Their sewage "system" is not able to process the paper. Use the trashcan provided in each stall.
Soap is rarely provided. Bring your own hand sanitizer. Think about this situation when you are shaking hands with people and getting ready to eat. Stay healthy. Wash your hands often.

ELECTRICITY
Most everyday appliances in the United States run on 110 volts. Ovens run on 220 volts.
Most of Ecuador runs on 110 volts.
Most of Peru runs on 220 volts. If you bring appliances, bring an adapter.

SECURITY
If possible, don't take any valuables. If you do take them, make sure you secure them. You may want to leave your wedding ring at home and wear a more modest ring.

Avoid going out by yourself. We've had team members walking together in the streets and a local person has tried to reach into a person's pocket. Be careful and alert, especially at the Lima airport.

FOOD/WATER/DIGESTIVE ISSUES
It's always safer to drink bottled water and avoid local water sources. Don't drink liquids with ice cubes since they're most likely made from tap water. Brush your teeth with bottled water.

For raw food, if you can't peel it, don't eat it. Stay away from salad bars and buffets unless they're at a very reputable hotel. It's common for a team member on a trip to have a digestive problem. Be careful.

If you do get digestive problems follow the following course of action:
1) Take Pepto Bismol tablets or liquid.
2) If you have diarrhea, take Imodium.
3) If Imodium doesn't work, take Lomotol. (You need a prescription. Someone usually has some on the trip. Make sure you know who has some on the team.)
4) If Lomotol doesn't work or you have a fever, chills or no improvement in 24 hours, take Bactrin Forte, Cipro, or Levaquin. In Peru Sandy and Guido Del Prado said Bactrin Forte has been much more effective and rapid than Cipro. The Salem Travel Clinic recommended Cipro. Kaiser Permanente Northwest International Travel Clinic in a July, 2018 letter recommended Azithromycin (Zithromax).

PHONE
It's OK to bring your cell phone and charger.
Consider arranging for long distance ahead of time to save money on calls.
Calling cards can work well.
There are little phone cabanas (cabins) available in most big cities. Their rates are usually good and clearly posted.

E-MAIL/INTERNET
Large cities usually have internet cafes. Nice hotels have capabilities, but availability may be a problem.
It is NOT recommended that you check your financial information on free wireless networks or at an internet café.

NAMETAG
Nametags would be greatly appreciated by the hosting hospital or clinic staff. Your team leader may already have these.

**MUSIC & ALARM CLOCK**

Bring your iPod or MP3 Player. Some people like to take an alarm clock.

**PICTURES**

Feel free to bring your camera to take lots of pictures. If focusing on an individual, please ask their permission. If you share photos, please delete all the out of focus and unusable/unrecognizable pictures. Some people make PowerPoint presentations and that will help them sort their pictures.

If you share your pictures using a CD, please use a RW (read/write) CD so that others can access and edit the pictures. It's frustrating to have several sideways pictures in your collection that can't be turned the correct way on the disk.

If you can get before and after pictures of the patients, they are a great way to share what you are doing.

**MEDICAL INFORMATION**

Go to the Center for Disease Control website for specific requirements or the Salem Travel Clinic if you are in Salem. Its phone number is: 503-540-999. Its email address is CydreeseA@CascadeInfection.com. The information following about vaccinations may change.

**YELLOW FEVER**

Check to see if the site you are going to requires a yellow fever vaccination. You need to get this vaccine at least 10 days before you leave the country.

You may get a yellow fever vaccination at the Salem Travel Clinic. It cost $135 on 1-14-17.

**MALARIA CONCERNS**

The following is information about medicine that may be needed to deal with the possibility of malaria. Consult your trip leader to determine if malaria is a possibility. Consult your health care provider regarding which medication would be best for you. The following are possible medications.

1. **Larium (Mefloquin)**: Drug of choice 1/wk starting 2 week before embarkation and continue for 4 weeks after return (8 tablets total).
   Cost: about $60
   **Contraindications**: History of epilepsy, active or recent depression, anxiety disorder, schizophrenia, etc.
   1:200 to 1:500 users may have nightmares, insomnia, irritability, emotional liability or depression
2. **Malarone**: 1/day, starting the day before departure and continuing for 1 week after return (21 tablets).
   - **Cost**: about $8/tablet
   - **Contraindications**: Pregnancy, renal disease. Avoid concomitant use of Rifampin, Tetracycline, Metoclopramide.

3. **Doxycycline**: start the day of travel, continue for 4 weeks after return.
   - **Cost**: is minimal.
   - **Side effects**: Photosensitivity, yeast infections, hyperacidity & GERD (reflux).

**HEPATITIS A AND B**
- Your vaccination should be current.

**TYPHOID**
- Your vaccination should be current.
- The vaccination should be given at least two weeks before leaving the country.

**TETANUS**
- Your vaccination should be current.

**ALTITUDE SICKNESS**
- You may be traveling at 8,000 feet or more above sea level and experience altitude sickness. Signs of altitude sickness include severe headache, extreme tiredness, difficulty catching your breath (especially while resting), stumbling, confusion, or changes in consciousness. Reducing your elevation is often sufficient to remedy the problem. A prescription of Acetazolamide (Diamox) may prevent altitude sickness.

**INSECT REPELLENT**
- If you're in a tropical area, bring insect repellant. At least 50% DET is recommended by The Salem Travel Clinic. You may be able to purchase it at a sporting goods store.

**TRAVELING WITH A MINOR WHO IS NOT YOUR SON OR DAUGHTER**
- If you are traveling with a minor (under 18 years of age) you should have a letter that is notarized by all the legal guardians of the minor that states that the minor has the guardians’ permission to travel out of the United States. It should also state that while traveling out of the country, the responsible guardian will be ____ (name of guardian).
GETTING OR RENEWING YOUR PASSPORT
(revised 11-5-18)

GETTING A NEW PASSPORT
The Website for application form:
http://travel.state.gov/passport/forms/ds11/ds11_842.html or you could just Google Renew or get your passport.

1) Obtain the following items:
   2 photos of yourself - these will be your pictures on your passport. AAA, Walgreens, Office Depot, Costco, Kinkos, and other companies take pictures.
   proof of citizenship - a birth certificate works perfectly
   valid photo identification - your driver's license works perfectly

2) Go to an authorized passport agency. In Salem you could go to:
   Main Post Office on 25th street
   Marion County Clerk, 100 High St. NE, Suite 1331

3) Pay about $100, fill out the application form, take some type of oath, and mail items.

RENEWING YOUR PASSPORT
It's generally OK to renew your passport by mail as long as it's not damaged. For details and forms about renewing your passport, go to the following website:

http://travel.state.gov/passport/get/renew/renew_833.html

GETTING A REPLACEMENT PASSPORT
In the event you lose your passport before it expires, there is a form to complete as well as additional documentation to provide the passport office.